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Contains the Week's News  
of Hongkong and the  
Far East.  
Prices (including Postage) to any  
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per annum.

No. 18,889.

號八月六年七十壹百九千壹英

SONGKONG FRIDAY, JUNE 8 1917

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ANY EUROPEAN, NON ASIATIC or  
INDIAN desiring to leave the  
Colony should apply in person at the  
Central Police Station between the hours  
of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M.  
daily.  
Applicants will be required to produce  
Passports or identification papers. All  
persons with certain exceptions, who  
remain in the Colony for more than  
7 days are required to register them-  
selves under the REGISTRATION OF  
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms of  
Registration giving the particulars  
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.  
and at all Police Stations.  
The Penalty for non compliance is a  
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PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.  
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
2.15 p.m. to 2.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
2.45 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
NIGHT CARS.  
8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.30 p.m. to 11.00  
p.m. every half hour.  
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of  
an hour.  
7.30 a.m. SUNDAYS.  
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
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NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the  
Company's Office, 42, RAZAR'S BUILDINGS,  
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Season and punch tickets available for  
all cars not already full running at the  
time stated in the Company's time tables,  
but not for special cars, can be obtained  
on application at the Company's Office.  
No Season ticket will be issued until  
payment therefor has been made in Bank  
Notes or by Cheque or Compro order  
representing Bank Notes.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS SON,  
General Manager.

THE FIRST CHINESE NEWSPAPER  
EVER ISSUED UNDER  
PURELY NATIVE DIRECTION.

**The Chinese Mail**

華字日報

THE LEADING CHINESE POLITICAL AND  
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### STEAM OR MOTOR VESSELS

8,000 Tons, 4,000 Horse Power now Built.  
Steel Building Work of every Description.  
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.  
Prompt Attention and Shipment to Destination.  
INJECTORS AND STEAM PUMPS.  
**W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.**  
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.  
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COME AND INSPECT  
BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

## BEWARE OF MOSQUITOES! MOSCATINE.

The infallible insect repeller.

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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to  
**Shewan, Tomes & Co. General Managers.**

Hongkong April 11, 1912.



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REFRESHING  
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THAN

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In Bottles 75 Cts. Each only.

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**A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,**  
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

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### THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON  
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have  
over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any craft  
of 700 feet ton.

Town Office, 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 460.  
Shipyards: Shum-Sui-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 9.  
Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

### TAIKOO DOCKYARD.

BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION  
—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—  
—OF HONGKONG LTD.—  
AGENTS:  
—TELEGRAPHIC AD.—  
"TAIKOO DOCKYARD"  
SUTHERLAND & SWIRE  
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## PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

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MANAGER.

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ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

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FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies  
rooms, Roof Garden.

Terms—From \$5 per day max.

Telegraph add: "Peaceful"  
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Manager.

### TO THOSE GOING HOME

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by subscribing to

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IT WHILE AT HOME.

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"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE

## THE WAR.

### NEW BRITISH OFFENSIVE.

"A TERRIFIC AND TERRIBLE DRAMA."

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

### THE NEW BLOW.

ON A NINE MILES' FRONT.

London, June 7.  
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig  
reports:—  
We attacked at ten minutes past  
three this morning, at Messines and  
Wytschaete Ridge on a nine miles'  
front.

We everywhere captured our first  
objectives, and further progress is  
reported to be satisfactory along the  
whole front attacked.

Numbers of prisoners are coming  
in.

### GRAPHIC DETAILS.

"THE BIGGEST MINING OPERA-  
TIONS EVER ATTEMPTED."

A MILLION POUNDS OF HIGH  
EXPLOSIVES USED.

Reuter's Correspondent at Head-  
quarters reports that the new offen-  
sive opened an hour before daybreak  
when, at a pre-arranged moment,  
the biggest thing ever attempted in  
mining operations rent the sky with  
ear-splitting crashes, as the long  
series of mines—some of which were  
dug a year ago—were exploded along  
the whole enemy positions.

There was also a terrible glare.  
The aggregate total charges in  
these earth-shattering eruptions was  
over a million pounds of high explo-  
sives.

It was a most fitting answer to  
the Kaiser's bombast about the  
collapse of our offensive.

The preliminary bombardment  
along the front of the attack had  
been appallingly intense. The vil-  
lages of Wytschaete and Messines  
have totally vanished. From north  
of Hill 60 to south of Ploegsteert  
the spectacle is incredible. The  
geography of the whole district is  
changed, being blown and furrowed  
beyond recognition.

How many stark Hun's lie amid  
the "hecatomb" the Recording Angel  
alone can tell.

The last two days of the bombard-  
ment was devoted to counter-battery  
work. Thanks to the magnificent  
co-operation of the airmen this  
largely curtailed the volume of the  
German artillery fire.

The Belgian gunners, in the Ypres  
salient actively participated in main-  
taining the never-ceasing salvos.

The Hun's have been uncertain  
where we would strike. They now  
know. We are out to drive them off  
the Messines ridge, from which they  
drove the handful of British Cavalry  
that held it down to October 14th,  
1914, and also from their positions  
along which they have since domi-  
nated the Ypres salient.

Two complete rehearsals for the  
present operation were carried out  
most realistically and with complete  
ness of detail.

The attack this morning was  
heralded by a waxing and waning  
of thunder and every variation of  
lightning the whole night long.  
The effects of this were most impres-  
sive. It was a fitting accompani-  
ment to the perfect tornado of gunfire  
which swelled up as the appointed  
hour approached.

It was shortly after three o'clock  
when the infantry went forward.  
The moon, peering rayless through  
a film-like cloud, shed a mystic sheen  
over the land which was heightened  
by an almost ceaseless iridescence  
of guns, signal lights and lightning,  
the whole being a grimly appropriate  
setting to a terrific and terrible  
drama.

It has been ascertained from  
prisoners that the enemy was not  
anticipating attack at this particular  
time. The first news filtering  
through from the front positions is  
encouraging. I understand that we  
are established from Cateau Farm  
to Wytschaete and half through  
Battle Wood, in which we have  
machine-guns emplaced. We have  
also Dumezastre, Tropic, Leufel,  
Zarobbe, Grey Farm, and Wheuvant  
Wood.

The casualties are reported to be  
very light.

The "Taps" are said to have  
rendered excellent service.

The offensive has opened well, but  
we must be prepared for heavy fight-  
ing when the inevitable counter-  
attacks begin.

### THE FRENCH FRONT.

ENEMY ATTACK "NIPPED IN  
THE BUD."

LONDON, June 7.

A French communiqué reports:—  
Our violent and well aimed fire nip-  
ped in the bud a German attack at mid-  
night on a front of 600 metres to the  
north-west of St. Quentin. The at-  
tackers lost heavily and fell back pre-  
cipitately on their own trenches.

The was most lively reciprocal artil-  
lery activity to the south of Eirland and  
to the north of Chemin des Dames.  
Two enemy aeroplanes were brought  
down.

### NAVAL AEROPLANE BOMBARD- MENT.

AERODROME ON BELGIAN  
COAST ATTACKED.

LONDON, June 7.

The Admiralty announce that a  
squadron of naval aeroplanes yester-  
day dropped a number of bombs on  
the aerodrome at Nieuwmmunster,  
which is 15 miles south-south-west  
of Blankenberge.

A big shed was hit, and several  
bombs fell close to two machines in  
the aerodrome.

Four hostile aircraft attacked the  
returning raiders, but they were  
driven off. All our machines returned  
safely.

### ACTIVITY ON BELGIAN FRONT.

LONDON, June 7.

A Belgian communiqué states:—  
The artillery was active on both  
sides along the whole front, princi-  
pally at Dixmude and between  
Steenvote and Hetsus where we  
carried out a destructive fire on the  
enemy batteries and works.

Our airmen bombed the railway  
stations at Vyswegen and Lange-  
mark.

### THE AIR RAID ON THE THAMES

LONDON, June 7.

A Coast Town correspondent re-  
ports that between eight and a  
dozen Taube aeroplanes partici-  
pated in the raid on Tuesday night.  
The hostile crafts were hotly engaged  
by the gun fire from a certain place,  
and also by British aviators, with  
the result that the raiders were driven  
back and at least one was brought  
down falling into the sea like a  
rocket. Another was hit. Crowds  
watched the aircraft manoeuvres.

### DAMAGED ENEMY DESTROYERS.

AMSTERDAM, June 7.

The Telegram states that two German  
destroyers were towed into Zeebrugge  
on the morning of June 6, badly  
damaged. Another destroyer has not  
returned. This presumably refers to the  
S-80.

(Continued on Page 5.)



## INTIMATIONS

## RUSSIAN 5% INTERNAL LIBERTY LOAN 1917.

SUBSCRIPTION to the LIBERTY LOAN is opened at THE RUSSO ASIATIC BANK, Hongkong, from date to 26th June, 1917.

The price of issue is 85%.

The loan is free of Income Tax and other taxation.

The loan is issued for 55 years and will be redeemable at par by yearly drawings beginning in December, 1922.

The Loan may be repaid at par after the 26th March, 1927.

Coupons are payable half yearly on the 29th March and the 29th September.

Interest on the loan runs from the 29th March, 1917—interest from that date to be added to the price of issue.

Special favourable rates will be quoted for Russian Exchange.

Applications will be wired to Petrograd free of telegraphic charges and Bonds will be forwarded free of postal expenses. The Bank is ready to give every facility to subscribers in the shape of advances against the Bonds.

G. TISDALL,  
Manager.

Hongkong, May 3, 1917. 1567

## "REGAL" RECORDS.

## FAMOUS SCOTCH SONGS.

6578 (Draw The Sword Scotland)  
(Sound the Fife)

6581 (The Piper O'Dundee)  
(A Man's A Man For A' That)

6583 (When The Kye Comes Home)  
(My Love, She's But A Lassie Yet)

6584 (O'A' The Airts The Win' Can Blaw)  
(Scotland Yet)

6578 (Jessie, The Flower O' Dundee)  
(My Nannie's Awa)

## THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

6, Des Vaux Road, Tel. 1332.

## SILIMPON (SEBATTIK) COAL

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the COWIE HARBOUR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPON COAL trimmed into Bunkers at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).

SILIMPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either cargo or Bunkers) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.

At Sebatik Steamers are berthed alongside the Company's wharf where there is a minimum depth of 27 to 28 feet at low water Spring Tide.

Charts of Sebatik Bay (Sebatik Harbour). Prices and all other information concerning the Port can be had on application to the Agents.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.,  
Agents Cowie Harbour Coal Company, Limited. 1027

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ORIENTAL PRODUCE  
EXPORTERS,  
SILK MERCHANTS,  
COMMISSION AGENTS.

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SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.  
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HEAD OFFICE: KING'S BUILDINGS  
HONGKONG

## JAPANESE MAKERS

Every kind of Footwear

MADE  
TO  
ORDER



CHERRY & CO.,  
PEDDER STREET,  
Opposite Hongkong Hotel.  
Telephone No. 191.  
Hongkong, March 30, 1914.

## INTIMATIONS



NOTICE.

## CITY AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS.

IT is hereby notified that, on and after MONDAY, the 11th instant, the Supply of Water by means of house services to houses connected with the Hill District will be resumed.

W. CHATHAM,  
Water Authority,  
Public Works Office,  
Hongkong, June 8, 1917. 1872

DON'T LET SLIP SO GOOD AN OPPORTUNITY.  
CLEARANCE SALE

From June 1st  
For Two Weeks ONLY  
"GREAT DISCOUNTS"  
on  
JAPANESE FINE ART CURIOS  
H. MATSUNAGA,  
11 Aikuar St.  
Hongkong, May 31, 1917. 1488

## STOCK TAKING SALE

A golden opportunity for securing reduction in price.  
D. CHELLARAM offers his entire stock in trade of oriental silks, crepes, tafeta, plain fancy Veils, opulent ivory wares and gold Jewellery at greatly reduced prices for 15 days only.  
Carpet, rug, and velvet.  
Carpet, rug, and velvet.  
Consignment of silk stockings also.

D. CHELLARAM,  
38-40 Queen's Road, Central,  
Hongkong, June 1, 1917. 1484

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

## CORNED BEEF

## AND

## CORNED PORK.

PUT UP IN KEGS AND BARRELS  
FOR  
EXPORT OR STRAIGHTS USE.

Don't Worry!  
In here.

**KEATING'S  
KILLS**

BUGS,  
FLEAS, MOTHS,  
BEETLES.

TINS 3/6

**HIMROD'S**

Gives Instant Relief

No matter what your respiratory organs may be suffering from—whether ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, OR ORDINARY COUGH.

—you will find in this famous remedy restorative power that is simply unique.

MADE IN  
ENGLAND

CURE FOR ASTHMA

TANG YUK, DENTIST, successor to  
the late SIEN YING,  
14, D'ARQUER STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE  
Consultation free.

## COUGHING INTO CONSUMPTION

"Only a Cough" but you stay  
it while it is ONLY a cough.

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

The finest preparation made  
for combating severe coughs.  
CURES any cough that is  
only a cough. Very palatable.  
OF ALL CHEMISTS.

PRICES: \$1.25 and \$2.25.

## "VALO"

THE NEW VIRGINIAN  
CIGARETTE.

MAGNUM  
SIZE.

Packed  
in patent  
airtight tins  
of 50.

Medium Strength  
Delicious Flavour.

This advertisement is issued by—

THE BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., LTD.

MANUFACTURING  
INDUSTRIES IN CHINA.RECENT DEVELOPMENT—EFFECTS  
ON SINO-JAPANESE TRADE.

The "Zaisei Reiji Jihō," a financial and economic monthly edited by Dr. Seichi Horiuchi, is devoting a part of its space to the study of "Economic China." The May installment of these studies discusses the recent development of China's manufacturing industries, with reference to actual or probable effects on the trade of Japan with that country.

It is pointed out that China's demand for the Powers' agreement to a higher import tariff should be regarded as the outcome of the movement that has been going on in China for the encouragement of industry. In the Chinese tariff question of to-day, revenue considerations are secondary, as far as the real motive is concerned. With a view of developing domestic industries and controlling imports, China has resorted to a reduction of her export duties and the freight rates on her railways, and has also subsidized manufacturing companies.

There is no doubt that an increase in China's import tariff will have an adverse effect on Japan's export trade to that country, but the growth of manufacturing industries in China, says Dr. Horiuchi's journal, will have a far more serious effect on our trade with China and industries connected with it.

According to a statement made by the Chinese Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce and quoted in the article under review, the number of factories on a modern scale in that country was 21,712 in 1913, with 130,982 operatives. Of these factories, 747 employ more than 100 operatives each. Steam engines amounted to 90,359 tons. Steam engines installed number 206, with 43,448 horse-power; and there are 141 electric motors, with 30,198 horse-power; while representing 2,220 horse-power. The male operatives are nearly double the female operatives in number, the figures being 413,504 and 212,586 respectively. The small number of women workers in China is due partly to the fact that in industries usually employing female hands are not so much developed in China, and partly to the fact that custom in that country does not encourage the work of women in factories. But things are gradually changing in this respect, with the growth of manufacturing industries.

The manufacturing companies of different descriptions in the republic totaled 365 at the end of 1913. The capitalization and reserves aggregated 48,857,100 and 1,857,303 Mexican dollars, respectively. The last few years of the Manchurian dynasty witnessed a large increase in the number of companies, stimulated by the national movement for the recovery of rights and interests. These enterprises suffered during the revolutions, but the decrease of imports from Europe since the outbreak of the war has revived the movement to encourage domestic industries, with a consequent increase of new enterprises. In China, the registration of co-operative concerns is not strictly enforced, so that the number and capitalization of companies must exceed the figures given in the official statement to say nothing of private firms. Of the 21,712 factories referred to above, 4,642, with 240,324 operatives, represent spinning, textile and dyeing industries; 6,031, with 84,740 operatives, chemical industries; 6,170, with 181,732 operatives, food-stuffs manufacture; 2,184, with 64,353 operatives, printing, paper ware manufacture, hide and leather trade, etc.; 158, with 4,040 operatives, electrical and metal refining businesses. The geographical

## CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM.

A touch of rheumatism, or a twinge of neuralgia, whatever the trouble is, Chamberlain's Pain Balm drives away the pain at once and cures the complaint quickly. First application gives relief. When a bottle of it is kept in the house the pain of rheumatism and neuralgia may be promptly relieved. Blisters and bruises quickly healed and swellings promptly reduced. In fact, for the household it is just such an embrochure as every family should be provided with. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## distribution of Chinese industries in

December 1913 was as follows:

Localities	Factories	Operatives
Peking	178	4,282
Chihli	922	18,588
Mukden	1,080	37,984
Kiung	616	31,739
Amur	232	3,176
Kiangsu	1,368	100,940
Anhui	427	14,070
Kiangsi	1,083	36,230
Chekiang	2,507	81,634
Fukien	1,170	27,646
Hankow	1,598	39,520
Hunan	755	24,218
Shantung	891	34,536
Honan	600	8,627
Shansi	1,736	20,744
Shensi	620	8,005
Kansu	74	1,214
Shenjiang	28	468
Szechuan	3,732	68,305
Kuangtung	1,688	70,211
Kuangsi	120	2,144
Yunnan	232	4,895
Kueichow	73	1,062
Total	21,712	630,890

It will be seen from the foregoing table that Szechuan has 3,732 factories, the largest number in any one province. Chekiang, Kiangsi, Shansi, Kuangtung, Kiangsu, and Fukien following in order. However, 100,940 operatives for Kiangsu is the highest number for one province; then follow Kuangtung, Szechuan, Chekiang, Kiangsi, Honan and Mukden in the order mentioned.

The manufacturing industries of China are of but recent growth, and China has had no time to develop a large factory system. The journal inquires into the early industrial progress of China in the past, which it attributes to the scarcity of capital and lack of financial facilities, difficulty of communication, irregularities in currency and weights and measures, inadequacy of industrial laws and regulations, defects in the tariff and taxation and old-fashioned business methods. The Chinese are endeavoring, however, to remove each and all of these hindrances to their industrial progress. Chinese businessmen have been doing their best in recent years to develop manufacturing industries in particular; for China produces an abundant supply of raw materials within her own territory. Her wealth of resources points strongly toward China's industrial expansion in the future. With the recent reforms in the different branches of foreign capital various enterprises were fast arising in China, when the war broke out and impeded upon the people the necessity of having well-developed domestic industries. The pernicious effect of the Hikin duty is admitted, but only retained for lack of suitable fiscal resources to take its place. The most remarkable phenomenon in China in the last few years has been the growth of her cotton spinning. She has already become our rival in various of smaller counts.

There are people who entertain a pessimistic outlook regarding our Chinese trade in view of the inevitable international trade competition in that country after the war. The journal says that competition is a matter of course in business, so we need not be uneasy on that account; but it reminds its readers that the expanding native industries in China has far more important bearing upon our trade with the republic than any international trade rivalry. Japan has indeed, a large share of the foreign trade of China, but this is chiefly due to the circumstance that our articles, which are cheap, are adapted to the needs of the Chinese, whose standard of life is low as compared with other peoples. The republic imports machinery and articles of high quality from European countries. It is clear that a nation in its early industrial career must begin with commodities of inferior quality. The Chinese manufacturing industries are now developing, with ever increasing output of cheap articles; and these articles threaten to supersede the imports from Japan in the course of time. If Japan should come into competition with China in the Chinese markets, no one can fail to see the outcome. It is, therefore, important to improve our methods of manufacture so as to make superior articles for by this means, says the journal, we can avoid rivalry with Chinese manufacturers, though we must be prepared to come into still severer competition with European goods.

There is another important factor to be taken into account in considering China's manufacturing industries. In that country there are a large number of factories under foreign management, and these will increase in number and importance after the war. The journal draws the attention of the public to the changing economic conditions of our western neighbors, urging the necessity of looking more deeply into the influence of work there. The mere exportation of German industries from the republic is not going deep enough, is the writer's belief. —Herald of Asia.

## INTIMATIONS



## YOUR EYES

SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED.

At the first symptom of eye strain you should consult us. We test eyes scientifically and fit glasses to individual requirements.



HONGKONG & MANILA.

MITSUBISHI CASHI KWAISHA  
(Mitsubishi Co.)

## COAL DEPARTMENT.

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NO. 4 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
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NO. 6 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
NO. 7 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
NO. 8 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
NO. 9 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
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NO. 11 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
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NO. 13 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
NO. 14 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
NO. 15 DOCK, KOWLOON	275	100	10	10	10
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## To-day's Advertisements

## The China Mail.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, FOR ACCOUNT OF, THE CONCERNED,

## WEDNESDAY.

the 13th June, 1917, at 12 Noon, at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Lee House Street,  
THREE POINTER PUPPIES about five months old, bred from well-known shooting stock.  
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HUGHES & HOUGH,  
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Hongkong, June 8, 1917.

## THE CALENDAR.

## MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.

10.30 a.m.—Auction of Dress Materials, Blankets, Perfumery, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

## General Memoranda.

TUESDAY, June 12—  
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture, Pianos, Blackwood Ware, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

FRIDAY, June 15—  
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, Blackwood Ware, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

TUESDAY, June 19—  
9.03 p.m.—New Moon.

## THE CHINA MAIL.

## NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.

All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.

Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is \$36 per annum; per quarter and per month "pro rata".

The "China Mail" is delivered free to subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.

Postage is charged at the rate of fifty cents per month.

Orders for extra copies of the "China Mail" should be sent as soon as possible as the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts. Credit 20 cts., per copy.

Rate of subscription to the "Overland China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage 61 per annum extra. Single copies twenty-five cents each.

Advertisements and additions to Advertisements on pages 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

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## NEWS OF THE DAY.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

An auction of Dress Materials including Serge, Alpaca, Prints, Linen, etc., will be held at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's to-morrow morning.

A Coroner's inquest was held at the Magistrate's this afternoon relative to the death of Captain Haaver Somme, late master of the s.s. "Yokohama," who was found dead in his cabin whilst the vessel was at the "Taikoo Dock" on January 16th last. Our report is held over until to-morrow.

We regret to record the death of Mr. John Lemm, who has for many years carried on business in the Colony as an architect. He died yesterday in the Government Civil Hospital where he has been under treatment for many weeks past for Bright's disease. He was previously in the French Hospital. Mr. Lemm was an Australian. He had practised his profession in the Colony since 1903, and in recent years had done a good deal of work in Macao. The funeral takes place this evening.

## THE REGISTRATION IN AMERICA.

## A SPLENDID RESULT.

The American Consul General is in receipt of a cablegram indicating that under the Selective Draft Law men aged twenty-one to thirty were registered yesterday throughout the country. The official returns are incomplete but it is estimated that ten million men presented themselves. Nowhere was there the slightest disturbance. Official reports show only eight arrests in the entire country in connection with the matter.

## MEMORIAL TO THE LATE REV. H. O. SPINK.

TO BE UNVEILED NEXT SUNDAY BY H.E. THE GOVERNOR.

H.E. the Governor has consented to attend the Morning Service at 11 a.m. at St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon, next Sunday, June 10th, and to unveil the handsome "brass memorial tablet which has been erected in memory of Rev. H. O. Spink, M.A. (formerly Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church), who was killed in action on August 9th last year.

The Bishop of Victoria will dedicate the memorial, and will preach a sermon in reference to the occasion.

## THE LATE DR. ATKINSON.

## THE GOVERNOR'S TRIBUTE.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council yesterday H. E. The Governor said:

Before we proceed with the business, with your permission I should like to ask you to accord our appreciation of the services of a former member of this Council who as you have learned from the public press, died recently in London. I refer to Dr. Atkinson, who for many years occupied the post of Principal Civil Medical Officer in this Colony. He was associated with the Colony during years in which large advances were made in our medical and sanitary science, and he contributed in no small degree to these advances. To him we owe a very excellently equipped and managed Hospital, and it was through his instrumentality that "the system of having trained nursing sisters from London was adopted. It has been an inestimable boon to all people who unfortunately had to have recourse to a hospital. He was also associated intimately with the establishing of the Victoria Hospital in Barker Road, which has also proved a great boon to the poorer section of this large community. Dr. Atkinson was a man who was well known to a great many here, and you will bear witness with me that he was one of those men who never spared himself. He loved his work, and I may say he lived for his work. After he had finished his work here he devoted himself to private practice in London, and joined with that since we began very hard work in the Army Medical Department in charge of a large military hospital, and from what I have learned, his energy and enthusiasm for that work contributed to his untimely death. He leaves behind him a widow and two young sons entering on their careers as men. I know that they will appreciate the fact that we remember them in their sorrow, and I therefore move the following resolution:

"The Legislative Council of Hongkong desires to record its appreciation of the valuable services rendered to the Colony of Hongkong by the late Dr. John Atkinson and to convey to his widow and sons its deep sympathy with them in their bereavement."

The Hon. Mr. Pollock: On behalf of the Council, I beg to second the resolution which has just been proposed by Your Excellency, and I desire on their behalf to associate ourselves with the message of condolence and sympathy which Your Excellency has just expressed.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

## THE SITUATION IN CHINA.

## ADVICE FROM THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

PEKING, June 7.

The American Minister yesterday presented a Note to the Acting Premier, Dr. Wu Ting-fang, of which the following is the full text:

"The American Government regrets the dissension which has arisen in China and hopes that a firm Central Government will soon be re-established. The question of China entering the war is of secondary importance. The most important thing is the stopping of all factional fighting and the co-ordination of all parties in the formation of a strong and responsible Government enabling China to take a respected place among the nations of the World."

## THE VICE-PRESIDENT TENDERS HIS RESIGNATION.

PEKING, June 7.

General Feng Kuo-chang has formally tendered his resignation as Vice-President.

It is believed that his resignation is merely formal and that neither the President nor Parliament will accept it.

The Vice-President's reasons are that a few days ago the opposing parties in Tientsin talked about deposing the President and dissolving Parliament and also suggested discarding the President and electing a new man to the Presidential chair, so that, as long as he (General Feng Kuo-chang) remains Vice-President the people will accuse him of endeavouring to maintain his own position. He therefore submits his resignation.

## THE REVOLT WEAKENING.

PEKING, June 7.

Telegrams show that all the southern and western provinces support the Central Government.

With the exception of Ngai Chi Chung, the Tientsin show signs of dissolving their declarations of independence.

## INTERVIEW WITH GENERAL CHANG FUN.

SHANGHAI, June 7.

A foreign newspaper representative has had an interview with General Chang Fun at Chuchow. It is stated that Chang Fun is positively going to Peking this morning. He says he is going to make peace, and only peace, in response to the President's request. Two thousand troops, as a bodyguard, are accompanying him. Chang Fun guarantees that there will positively be no fighting and that although he did not detail his plan for a compromise he states that Parliament must be dissolved, failing which there will be no peace. Chang Fun denies any intention to oust the President or to restore the Manchus. He emphasises that peace is certain, as 18 provinces support the independent Tukuans and the southern provinces could not do anything as even the Peking troops support the Tukuans. Regarding the Premiership Chang Fun says that either Wong Shi-chan, Chu Sai-chung or Li King-hi would be satisfactory.

## VIEWS REGARDING A SOLUTION.

SHANGHAI, June 7.

According to reports from Tientsin the following are the views of the various sections of the rebel party regarding a solution of the crisis:

The Chihli military party favours Li Yuan-hung as President, but demands the dissolution of Parliament and the reinstatement of Tuan Ki-sui.

The so-called neutral party belonging to Chinputang desire the removal of Li Yuan-hung and the appointment of General Feng Kuo-chang as President and the dissolution of Parliament.

The Tukuans demand the dissolution of Parliament, the resignation of Li Yuan-hung and the appointment of Chu Sai-chung as president, the reinstatement of Tuan Ki-sui as Premier and an immediate re-election of Parliament.

## THE MANCHUS.

The Manchu Court has held secret meetings several times to devise a means to avoid trouble in consequence of the present movement to restore the Manchus.

## REPORTS AT PEKING.

It is reported that the radical Kuomintang members will be arrested, which report causes some excitement in Peking, and that Liu Pui-kum and Lai Chuen-ho will join hands in support of the Central Government.

It is also reported that Tan Yinhos has dispatched troops to force the Tukuans to accept the Central Government's Commission of Defence and Ng Kwong-sun to cancel their declaration of independence.

## CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

## THE FRAUDULENT APPROPRIATION CASE.

## VERDICT OF "NOT GUILTY."

The case in which Ka Rim Din was charged with fraudulent appropriation was concluded this morning.

Mr. G.N. Orme addressing the jury said that the evidence showed and the demeanour of the complainant would lead them to believe that she was a woman who was accustomed to carrying on business transactions. He suggested to the jury that the complainant was quite able to fend for herself with the exception of her inability to speak English. The defendant went to her house and she paid money to him, which the defendant denied, saying that he made the arrangements with the plaintiff's husband and that he took no money. He states that he took a promissory note which he did not think constituted actual payment. The defendant had said from the witness box that he reported that transaction to the Syndicate. Counsel said that he could not believe that if the defendant's statement that he reported that transaction were true, the lot of land would not have been been duly allotted to the complainant by the Syndicate. That was never done and therefore the defendant could not possibly have made the report.

## THE MAGISTRACY.

## A JAPANESE RESTAURANT SUMMONED.

TOKYO, June 7.

Tokutomi Miyajima, proprietor of a Japanese restaurant No. 45 Haiphong Road, Kowloon, was summoned before Mr. Wood this morning to answer the charge of allowing disorder on his licensed premises on the night of May 24th.

The defendant, who pleaded not guilty to the charge, was remanded until next Monday.

## ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

A Chinese who arrived here from Canton by Railway was fined one hundred dollars by Mr. J. R. Wood this morning on the charge of being in the unlawful possession of a pistol and one hundred rounds of ammunition without a permit from the Captain Superintendent of Police.

## ALLEGED MURDERER COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Further evidence was taken in the Yau-mut murder case this morning.

Mr. Mattingly, the defendant's solicitor stated that he reserved his client's defence, and the accused was committed for trial at the next Criminal Sessions.

## ALLEGED MURDER WITNESSED BY A CHILD.

Further evidence was heard before Mr. Wood yesterday in the case in which a Chinese fisherman named Yan Chun pleaded not guilty to the charge of murdering, with malice aforethought, one Tsang Yee Kin, his adopted mother, fifty years of age, at the deceased's house in Kang Mun Han, Tsun Wan Village, on the night of May 6th.

The eight-year-old grandson of the deceased deposed that on the night of May 6th, whilst in his grandmother's house he saw his father (the defendant) strike his grandmother on the head with a chopper. When he saw blood running down his grandmother's face he became frightened and ran from the house into the street. Later his mother (the defendant's wife), upon returning from her work in the fields, found his grandmother dead.

The defendant contradicted the child's evidence, stating that when the deceased mother he died, his son was working in the fields with his mother.

The case was resumed before Mr. Wood this afternoon, and after Mr. Agnew, Counsel for the prosecution, had called other witnesses, His Worship committed the defendant for trial at the next Criminal Sessions.

## THE HONGKONG WAR RATE.

## HON. MR. SHEWAN'S PLEA FOR SMALL TENANTS.

## SIR ROBERT HO TUNG SETS AN EXAMPLE.

In amplification of our report of the discussion on the Bill to impose a special war tax of 7 per cent. in addition to the ordinary rates we give below a full report of the speeches made by the Hon. Mr. SHEWAN and H. E. The Governor.

The Hon. Mr. R. SHEWAN:—I have been asked to second the amendment and I do so because it seems to be a reasonable one. I do not wish to hamper the Government in any way, especially in these times when I think every man should support the Government to the best of his ability and power. If necessary, or even desirable, there should be no objection, but publicity is always good and preferable, where possible, and therefore I see no reason why the Hon. Mr. Pollock should not have an informal discussion with the Hon. Attorney General on such points as he has indicated. With regard to the Bill itself, I do not think any one can object to a Bill which lays the burden equally on the willing and the unwilling horses. In other words, I cordially approve of it, and I am only sorry that it was not brought in two years ago. I think it might be amended in one particular. I think we might exempt the poorer classes from the operation of the Bill. You may say it is a very small thing that they will have to pay, but if it is small to them it must be smaller for the richer classes who can afford to pay. The rents in this Colony are notoriously high—outrageously high. I think I don't know why they should be, but I suppose it is because there are too few contractors and they seem to get rich very rapidly. Certainly rent in this Colony forms an enormous item in the budget of the poor man—out of all proportion to the other expenses of his family. I know one Chinese clerk who receives \$160 a month and whose rent has been raised to \$80 a month. In other words more than one-third of his income is going in rent, and that seems to me to be a burning shame. And every other expense has gone up since the war also. The father of a family told me the other day that neither he nor his children had had butter in their house for many months past. These poor classes, for whom I am



## TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

## THE ITALIAN FRONT.

## ENEMY COMPLETELY REPULSED AFTER SEVERE FIGHTING.

LONDON, June 7. An Italian official communiqué reports:—We repulsed a heavy attack at Focher valley. The enemy, who have been reinforced, launched violent attacks on the Carso front from Hill 247 to the south of Versix to Hill 31 to the eastward of Jamiano. After fighting all day with varying fortune the enemy were completely repulsed.

## AUSTRIANS CLAIM LARGE CAPTURES.

LONDON, June 7. An Austrian communiqué reports: We have taken 10,000 prisoners in the past three days at Carso.

## AMERICAN STEAMER'S FIGHT WITH A SUBMARINE.

WASHINGTON, June 7. According to the State Department's telegraphic advices, the submarine referred to in a previous telegram was sighted at 7,000 yards without a flag. The steamer hoisted the American flag and waited for ten minutes. As the submarine approached, the steamer fired and the submarine responded. The steamer slackened speed to permit the submarine to come within range and a fight ensued which lasted for one and a half hours. The submarine fired 35 shots and the steamer 25. The steamer's last shot apparently struck the submarine, which rose clear out of the water and stood stern up for a few seconds and then disappeared. The steamer was not damaged.

## AMERICAN GENIUS TO MAKE SUBMARINES IMPOSSIBLE.

NEW YORK, June 7. The Secretary of the Navy has predicted that American genius will make submarines impossible before the end of the war.

## JAPANESE DESTROYERS IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

LONDON, June 7. It has transpired that some Japanese destroyers saved the bulk of the troops on the *Transylvania*. The Japanese Commander has recorded his admiration of the silence and calmness of the men on the sinking ship and also the courage of the nurses.

## A REMARKABLE GERMAN SUGGESTION.

ABANDONMENT OF RUTHLESS SUBMARINING. LONDON, June 7. A remarkable statement has been published in the *Oberpostzeitung* suggesting the abandonment of ruthless submarining as the best basis for peace negotiations.

## RUSSIAN ARMY CHANGES.

LONDON, June 7. The *Daily News* Petrograd correspondent states that General Alexieff's association with the old régime has caused much grumbling, which General Brusiloff's appointment is expected to dispel. General Gutor, who succeeds General Brusiloff, is the youngest General in the army.

## STRIKE OF RUSSIAN MUNITION WORKERS AVERTED.

PETROGRAD, June 7. The threatened strike of munition workers, called on June 2, in which a six-hours' day for women workers, with a minimum wage of 150 Roubles a month was demanded, has been settled, the Managers conceding all the demands.

## KRONSTADT TROUBLE SETTLED.

PETROGRAD, June 7. The Kronstadt trouble has been settled, the local Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates having agreed to recognise the Provisional Government.

## RUSSIAN MINISTER RESIGNS.

PETROGRAD, June 7. Mr. Guro has resigned.

## THE WAR POLICY OF FRANCE.

## A FINE SPEECH BY THE PREMIER. STRENGGOL HARDEST BECAUSE THE END IS APPROACHING.

PARIS, June 7. In the Senate, M. Régis Messet introduced an interpellation inviting M. Ribot to define the general policy of France. He said the Senate was unanimously indignant when seven Frenchmen proposed to go to Stockholm to confer with Germans. It wished to share the (Government's) responsibilities, being unable to admit that Frenchmen show the least sign of halting when the country is still invaded.

M. Ribot, the Premier, replying, said:—The German Socialists from the first were conscious accomplices in the crimes against humanity. Even now they approved of the atrocities by their culpable silence. It was morally impossible for Frenchmen in the middle of the war when France was still invaded to confer with such enemies. Such confabulations in foreign towns can only create an illusion of peace that is dangerous. Never at any moment, especially when the struggle is hardest because the end is approaching, can we have such an illusion in the public mind. The army of France requires all her strength, especially moral strength. As belated Frenchmen, we do not seek captivities, equivocal formulae. We rejected a trap laid in seductive formulae which originated in Petrograd, but was imported from elsewhere, and the birthplace of which is only too obvious. The words "No annexations" cannot mean that we have not the right to demand what belongs to us.

There is not a single Frenchman cowardly enough to accept the idea that we will not continue the war until we have regained what is our blood. But what is meant by "No Indemnities"? If it were a question of humbling the conquered, we would have nothing to do with it; but no French Government could renounce reparation for damages and atrocities after the unprecedented devastations of our territory. It is not an arbitrary act, but an act of justice which is our aim. I am convinced we shall find these ideas reflected in the Note which President Wilson is about to address to Petrograd. We are thus in complete agreement with the conscience of the civilised world. That is an immense force whose full value we ought to know and appreciate. Let us jealously guard the moral forces fighting for us.

The resolution was adopted by the Chamber, and M. Ribot added: We must demand guarantees to safeguard our children from the return of such horrors. Shall we find them in territorial acquisitions, or temporary occupations of territory, or in the neutralization of territory? All these questions will be considered when the time comes.

Our best guarantee will be the formation of a Europe in which all nations will belong to themselves and in which no single man can loose such evils. It is necessary that the Germans should consent, for I believe in the power of ideal justice. All those who have fought together to the end will find need for not separating after victory. They must form a League of Peace in the name of the democratic spirit which France has the honour of introducing to the world. We nations in arms will form a Society of Nations. That is where the future of humanity lies. All nations which are not nations of prey must unite to compel others not to disturb the peace.

## THE SENATE'S RESOLUTION.

After M. Ribot's speech, the Senate unanimously passed a vote of confidence in the Government and affirming that a durable peace was only possible through a victory for the Allies and also expressing the determination that France would pursue the war until it had achieved the restitution of Alsace-Lorraine, the punishment for the enemy's crimes, reparation for the damage done and guarantees against Prussian militarism.

## BRITISH AGREEMENT WITH FRENCH STATEMENT.

LONDON, June 7. In the House of Commons, replying to a question, Mr. Cave the House Secretary stated that the Government and the Country completely agreed with the statement of the war aims made in the French Chamber and promised to convey to Mr. Bonar Law the suggestion that the House should show its entire accord with that statement. Mr. Snowden asked whether they were to understand that the Allies are prepared to go on fighting, regardless of other considerations, until these aims had been attained. (Cries of yes.) Mr. Cave replied that Mr. Snowden must take the answer given a absolute.

## AMERICA'S 10,000,000.

NEW YORK, June 7. The Secretary of War, speaking at the North Carolina University, said that the 10,000,000 men who registered on June 5 were a sufficient answer to the plea that autocracy was necessary for efficiency. He added: "We must go into the air where Germany has carried war, but God forbid that American soldiers will ever kill women and children."

## THE 1917 CAMPAIGN.

## COLONEL REPPINGTON'S VIEWS.

LONDON, June 7. Lieut.-Col. Repington, Military Correspondent to *The Times*, points out that the 1917 campaign was planned in the faith and assurance of a vigorous Russian support at a fixed date, which has not been forthcoming. He dwells on the consequences of the enormous increase of the German strength, on the west front, and hopes that the Russian armies will soon promptly renew the mighty deeds of their past.

## THE RECENT ENGAGEMENT WITH ENEMY DESTROYERS.

LONDON, June 7. It is stated from an east coast port, where seven German destroyers were landed by a light cruiser squadron, that the recent action opened at half-past one this morning, and a running fight lasting for two hours ensued. The enemy were five miles distant when they were sighted. The British immediately manoeuvred on both sides. The enemy evidently put to sea to escape bombardment by sea and air.

## CAPTURED RAIDER SUCCEUMS.

LONDON, June 7. One of the captured Medway raiders has succeeded in his wounds. His observer was badly injured.

## BULGARIAN PREMIER VISITING BERLIN.

AMSTERDAM, June 7. The Bulgarian Premier, accompanied by the Director of Public Debt, is visiting Berlin.

## RECRUITING OF BRITISH SUBJECTS IN AMERICA.

NEW YORK, June 7. The recruiting of Britishers for the British Army has opened. Numerous applications were received previously.

## LABOUR LEADER DECLINES TO GO TO STOCKHOLM.

LONDON, June 7. Mr. Hutchison, of the Engineers' Union, has declined the invitation of the Labour Executive to go to Stockholm or Petrograd.

## AN UNPOLITICAL MISSION TO RUSSIA.

LONDON, June 7. The Parliamentary Committee and Trade Union's Congress have decided to send two representatives to Petrograd to advise the Russians of the British Trade Union methods. The visit will be in no way political and the representatives will not go to Stockholm.

## BRIEF STRIKE IN NORWAY.

LONDON, June 7. The General Strike in Norway referred to in a cable dated June 1 in which it was stated that one of the grievances was the big grant for the army, took the form of a day's cessation from work. It is described as the greatest demonstration ever seen in Norway. There were no disorders. The factories in Sweden have also struck work for a single day.

## DEGRADING ATROCITIES IN PALESTINE.

PETROGRAD, June 7. Addressing the Zionists' Congress, the Foreign Minister stated that he was communicating with the Allies with a view to collective representations to Turkey, through neutral powers, with the object of attempting to end the atrocities in Palestine, which were degrading to humanity.

## ECONOMY IN THE END.

IT costs but a small amount to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy always in your medicine chest, and it is economy in the end. It always cures and cures quickly. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## BRITISH CAPTURE NEW POSITIONS.

LONDON, June 6. Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—We successfully completed the operation commenced last night northward of the Scarpe, and gained all our objectives.

We captured positions on the western slopes of (Greenland Hill) on a mile front, capturing 162 prisoners.

Raid northward of Ypres yielded a few prisoners.

(There was considerable mutual artillery activity particularly northward of the Scarpe.

In the neighbourhoods of Vimy, Armentières and Ypres we brought down eight German aeroplanes and drove down eight others out of control.

Seven of our machines are missing.

## GERMAN ATTACKS REPULSED BY FRENCH.

LONDON, June 7. A French communiqué states:—After a bombardment the Germans delivered several attacks at different points between the Ailette-Laon road and north-west of Bruyere-Laennois.

Our fire immediately smashed two attempts against Mortier Wood. The enemy suffered appreciably.

Concentrated efforts north of Chemin-des-Dames only succeeded in reaching our lines at a single point.

Some portions of our front line trench remain in the enemy's hands, but everywhere else he was thrown back.

The artillery struggle was lively in Nieuport sector in Belgium.

## THE OSTEND BELGIANS.

## GERMAN COMMUNIQUE REVEALS.

LONDON, June 6. The Admiralty, referring to the German communiqué on the Ostend bombardment, says that the photograph obtained showed no damaged house at all other than buildings in the dockyard. If, then, Belgians were killed as stated, they must have been employed in the dockyard.

## THE BATTLE AT CARSO.

## FURIOUS FIGHTING.

LONDON, June 6. Reuter's Agency has received details from the Italian Headquarters of the tremendous battle which has been raging on the Carso front.

The Austrians carried out a violent counter-offensive action on a ten-mile front on June 3rd from Fatti, just north of Castagnavizza, to the sea.

Preceded by an intense bombardment the enemy infantry were hurled against Fatti, and after fierce fighting they gained some ground, but were driven out on June 4th by the third consecutive Italian counter-attack.

On June 3rd the enemy in waves simultaneously attacked in the sector of Castagnavizza time and time again, and were only repulsed after most fierce hand to hand fighting.

On June 4th the enemy stubbornly renewed their attacks, and the fighting swayed backwards and forwards. Eventually the Italians held all the positions, and even advanced at certain points. Meanwhile, after a fierce bombardment and bayonet fighting the Italians withdrew from some of the positions on the slopes of Harmada, but subsequently re-occupied almost the whole of the positions temporarily lost.

The whole of the counter-offensive resulted in the enemy increasing his already terrible losses.

## ARMED AMERICAN STEAMER SINKS A GERMAN SUBMARINE.

WASHINGTON, June 7. An official announcement states that it is believed a German submarine has been sunk by an armed American steamer in a running fight.

## THE PROCEEDS FROM "KISMET."

Mr. Mowbray S. Northcote, Hon. Secretary of the Hongkong Amateur Dramatic Club, has received the following letter:—British Women's Hospital, 21, Old Bond Street, London, W. 19th April, 1917.

Mowbray Northcote, Esq., Hongkong Amateur Dramatic Club, Dear Sir,

On behalf of my Committee I beg to offer you hearty thanks for the very handsome sum of £250, which you have forwarded from the Hongkong Amateur Dramatic Club, as the result of performance of "Kismet."

My Committee greatly appreciate the practical interest shown in their work by British Residents in other parts of the world. Will you please convey to all who have assisted in this very successful undertaking the thanks and gratitude of the Committee of the "Star and Garter" Building Fund.

Yours truly, (Sd.) A. L. DOUGLAS, Secretary.

## SOMETHING DEPENDABLE.

DIARRHOEA is always more or less prevalent during this weather. Be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is prompt and effective. It can always be depended upon. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## QUEEN MARY'S NEEDLE WORK GUILD.

## LIST OF ARTICLES MADE DURING MAY 1917.

## U.S.R.C. BRANCH, KOWLOON.

1,078 Roller Bandages.  
11 Capoline Bandages.  
60 Stump Bandages.  
38 Eye Bandages.  
1 Many-tail Bandage.  
400 Sponge Swabs.  
280 Square Swabs.  
18 Shrouds.  
10 Wool Caps.  
1 Balachava Helmet.  
4 pairs Surgical Stockings.  
2 pairs Wool Socks.  
21 Mops.  
34 Scrubbers.  
(Signed) MARGARET KENWY, CITY HALL WORK PARTY.

Packed and sent, May 3rd, to Q.M.N.G.—

22 Dressing Gowns.  
4 pairs Boots.  
78 Shirts.  
44 Bed-jackets.  
20 Surgical Shirts.  
78 Vests.  
37 Small Pillows.  
32 Shrouds.  
20 Mops.  
40 Scrubbers.  
4 pairs Slippers.  
10 Belts.  
0 pairs Operation Stockings.  
24 Eye Bandages.  
4 Caps.  
29 Tray Cloths.  
Cards, Books, Wool & Canvas.

Packed and sent to French Red Cross, May 8th:—

31 Pyjamas.  
21 Vests.  
27 Shirts.  
7 pairs Slippers.  
4 Milk Covers.  
16 Bed-jackets.

Packed and sent to Mesopotamia, May 2nd:—

78 pairs Pyjamas.  
18 Dressing Gowns.  
8 Surgical Shirts.  
40 Shirts.  
53 Vests.  
71 Bed-jackets.  
23 Operation Stockings.  
5 Caps.  
1 pair Trench Boots.  
1 pair Slippers.  
4 pairs Bedboots.  
54 Milk Covers.

Packed and sent to the Matron, 26th Stationary Hospital, Veehemidiah Sinai Peninsula:—

1 doz. Handkerchiefs.  
10 Cotton Day Shirts.  
9 Night Shirts.  
8 Pillows.  
4 Dressing Gowns.  
24 Pillow Covers.  
14 doz. Face Towels.

Packed and sent to Mesopotamia, May 28th:—

36 Pillows.  
14 Dressing Gowns.  
6 Shirts.  
13 Vests.  
87 Bed-jackets.  
8 Surgical Shirts.  
7 pairs Slippers.  
30 Shrouds.  
32 pairs Pyjamas.  
4 Reversible Bed-jackets.  
4 Scrubbers.  
98 Mops.  
120 Milk Covers.  
(Signed) L. C. BLACK.

From AMOY during April:—372 Many-tail Bandages.  
360 Stump Bandages.  
49 Eye Bandages.  
24 Scrubbers.

FOOCHOW during April:—3 Chest Protectors.  
3 Balachava Caps.  
3 Sleeping Caps.  
3 pairs Mittens.

ILOILO P.I. during April:—492 Rolled Bandages.  
4 Many-tail Bandages.  
27 Towels.

AMOY during May:—62 Many-tail Bandages.  
168 Stump Bandages.  
32 Eye Bandages.  
26 Shrouds.  
96 Handkerchiefs.  
17 Scrubbers.

WESLEYAN CHURCH WORKING PARTY.

20 Mufflers.  
72 Handkerchiefs.  
30 Vests.  
30 pairs of Socks.  
(Signed) J. Bonisox.

## CATHOLIC WOMEN'S LEAGUE.

2,058 Rolled Bandages.  
8 pairs Hospital Socks.  
21 Caps.  
35 Knitted Dusters.  
5 pairs Flannel Trousers.  
3 pairs Socks.  
1 pair Bed Socks.  
1 pair Clogs.  
90 Food Covers.  
2 Flannel Shirts.  
(Signed) M. Loumme.

## ITALIAN CONVENT.

6 Suits Pyjamas.  
12 Shirts Renovated.  
6 pairs Hospital Socks.  
2 Caps.  
(Signed) M. Tazman.

## CALLICURA.

## THE NEW AND CERTAIN CURE FOR CORNS. WITHOUT PAIN OR INCONVENIENCE.

## DIRECTIONS.

Apply over the Corn until a thick pellicle or skin is formed; and repeat the operation each morning after the bath. It is advisable before the first application, that the Corn be pared; or the foot bathed with soda and water.

Price 60 cents per bottle.

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A handy lad with a hammer can do it well!  
But we employ men who are expert to demonstrate the best way to use

## "MALTHOID"

These men have learned from experience and will give you the benefit of their experience.

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CHEAP! CLEAR! WATERPROOF! "MALTHOID" LIGHT! SAFE! SNOWPROOF!

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## NAVAL AND DOCKYARD.

14 Pyjamas.  
31 Vests.  
30 Shirts.  
12 Socks.  
24 Shrouds.  
6 Pillow Cases.  
60 Mops.  
2 Woolly Caps.  
87 Handkerchiefs.  
4 Slippers.  
3 pairs Trench Boots.  
6 Surgical Stockings.  
19 Eye Bandages.  
7 Milk Covers.  
(Signed) N. SANDEMAN.

## OUR LITTLE BIT SOCIETY.

To Hospital Auxiliaire, 118 Hongfleur, France:—

2,016 Rolled Bandages.  
142 Suits Pyjamas.  
77 Many-tail Bandages.  
67 White Woolen Caps.  
24 Eye Bandages.  
22 Floor Mops.  
10 bags Swabs.

To Queen Mary's Needle Work Guild, 2 Cavendish Square, London, W., Eng. and:—

1,344 Rolled Bandages.  
13 Quilts.  
13 pairs Trench Boots.  
13 Pillows.  
77 Suits Pyjamas.  
100 White Woolen Caps.  
48 Eye Bandages.  
8 Bags Swabs.  
Distributed to Local Volunteers and Members of H.M. Troops who left the Colony during March and to 18th May, 1917:—

362 pairs Socks.  
94 pairs Knee Caps.  
172 Mufflers.  
648 Pocket Books.  
(Signed) E. GREZZ.

## UNION CHURCH.

1,166 Rolled Bandages.  
62 Many-tail Bandages.  
24 Stump Bandages.  
50 Eye Bandages.  
848 Shirts.  
60 Vests.  
60 Pyjamas Suits.  
114 pairs Socks.  
62 pairs Surgical Stockings.  
64 Hospital Caps.  
92 Surgical Caps.  
5 pairs Mittens.  
2 pairs Knee Caps.

54 Shrouds.  
11 Body Belts.  
348 Handkerchiefs.  
100 Milk Covers.  
6 Tray Cloths.  
27 Hold-all Bags.  
66 Towels.  
32 Floor Sumpers.  
Sent to French Red Cross, Q.M.N.G., and to the Highland Casualty Clearing Station:—

(Signed) R. MACOSACHIE.  
KOWLOON UNITY WORKERS.

To Miss Vivian, The Maurice Hostel, Hoxton, London, N., five parcels Old Clothes, containing:—

51 pieces Women's Clothing.  
21 pieces Boys' & Girls' Clothes.  
5 pairs Ladies' Boots & Shoes.

To Miss Tucker, Soldiers' & Sailors' Help Society (The Institute), Mansfield St., Haggerston, London, E., three parcels Old Clothes, containing:—14 pieces Men's Clothing.

To Mrs. Letroy, Vice-President, S.S.F.A., Hoxton Branch, Boland St., London, N., one parcel Old Clothes containing:—24 pieces Children's Clothing.

To Miss Douglas, Children's Aid Society, 9 South Motton St., London, W., one parcel New Garments containing:—21 pieces, made from material supplied by War Charities.

(Signed) N. CARELL.  
PEAK CLUB.

5 doz. Rolled Bandages, 2".  
19 doz. Rolled Bandages, 3".  
14 doz. Rolled Bandages, 4".  
4 doz. Rolled Bandages, 6".  
160 Sponge Swabs.  
252 Gauze Swabs.  
48 Large Shell Swabs.  
30 Small Shell Swabs.  
44 Many-tail Bandages.  
2 Old Dressings.

(Signed) N. SANDEMAN.  
HEKANA MAT INSTITUTE.

10 Eye Bandages.  
14 Head Bandages (Caps).  
26 Many-tail Bandages.  
6 Shirts.  
300 Swabs.  
8 Cholera Belts.  
4 Surgical Stockings.  
6 Floor Cloths.

(Signed) MARGARET JAMES.  
ALICE D. HOSKING.  
Acting Secretary.  
Hongkong Branch.  
Queen Mary's Needlework Guild.



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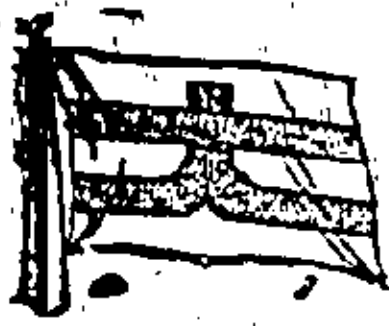
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"HAWAII MARU".....Wednesday, 4th July, at 3 p.m.

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"AMAKUSA MARU".....Sunday, 10th June, at Noon.

"JOSHIN MARU".....Monday, 11th June, at 10 a.m.

"KAIJO MARU".....Sunday, 17th June, at Noon.

"SOSU MARU".....Thursday, 21st June, at Noon.

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\* Omitting Tamsui and Keelung.

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Steamer from Hongkong on or about

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SHANGHAI.....Tamsui.....June 9, at 4 p.m.

WREHAIWEI, CHEFOO &amp; NEWCHOWANG.....June 9, at 4 p.m.

WREHAIWEI &amp; TIENTSIN.....Hueikow.....June 10, Daylight.

SHANGHAI.....Sunning.....June 12, at 4 p.m.

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MANTALA LINE. Twin Screw Steamers "Chinqua," "Taming" and "Tea"

Excellent Saloon accommodation, amiships, Electric Fans fitted. Extra staterooms on deck, aft on "Taming" and "Tea".

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S.S. "Anhui," "Chenai," "Yingchow," "Shantung," "Sinking" and "Sunning," with

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For SINGAPORE To SAIL

MANILA.....LOONGSANG.....SATURDAY, June 9, at 3 p.m.

SHANGHAI via SWATOW.....WINGSANG.....SUNDAY, June 10, Daylight.

MANILA.....YUENSANG.....SATURDAY, June 16, at 3 p.m.

SANDAKAN.....MAUSANG.....TUESDAY, June 19, at Noon.

CALCUTTA LINE.—Three sailings per month from Hongkong to Calcutta calling

at Singapore and Penang.

Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed to Kobe and Moji, frequently

calling at Shanghai.

These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with

electric light and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton

and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow.

Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation,

and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via

Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with

good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Saturday.

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BORNEO LINE.—Two sailings per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by

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Under Straits Government Passport Regulations. All European Passengers,

leaving the Colony for Straits settlement, are required to produce on arrival at

destination passports with their photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; Co., Ltd.,

General Managers.

Tel. No. 215.

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REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN

CALCUTTA, STRAITS, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI

AND JAPAN PORTS.

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WESTWARD.

The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and

is fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

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## VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvelous properties be credited in all cases of poisons, impurities, or other impurities of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it introduced into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling disease, whatever and in whatever form met with, restoring all blotches, pimples, spots, scurvy, eruptions and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, etc. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gonorrhea, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, blood poisons, eczema, leprosy, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, polypus or Derrisulphic acids, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing rheumatism, sciatica, and lumbago, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD: See next insert for full particulars. Send stamped addressed envelope for Free Booklet, or P.O. 212 for Trial Bottle of either remedy, to THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., GOSPEL OAK, LONDON. Unprincipled vendors may try to sell you something else for extra profit—do not do this, but insist on having VETARZO. The genuine has the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" on Government Stamp.

VETARZO REMEDIES ARE SOLD BY BOOTHS, CASH CHEMISTS.

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BEST FOR CLEANING AND POLISHING CUTLERY—3/6 6 1/2 2/6 &amp; 1/6

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REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fans in Staterooms and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

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AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

STEAMSHIP CAPTAIN LEAVING.

HAITAN.....Capt. A. E. Hodgkins.....TUESDAY, 12th June at 12 Noon.

HAIRONG.....Capt. J. W. Evans.....FRIDAY, 15th June at 12 Noon.

## SWATOW

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—

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## SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

via SHANGHAI, the INLAND SEA, JAPAN &amp; HONOLULU.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamer Tons &amp; Speed Leave Hongkong.

NIPPON MARU.....11,000-15 knots.....Tues. 12th June.

SHINYO MARU.....22,000-31 knots.....Fri. 22nd June.

PERSIA MARU.....9,000-14 knots.....Tues. 3rd July.

KOREA MARU.....15,000-18 knots.....Tues. 17th July.

SIBERIA MARU.....13,000-18 knots.....Fri. 27th July.

TENYO MARU.....22,000-31 knots.....Fri. 10th August.

First Class to London G\$348. (271-10-0) Return G\$600. (2122)

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SPECIAL RATES given to Naval and Military, Civil Servants, Missionaries, etc.

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Passengers may travel by Railway between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

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For Japan Ports, Honolulu, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Salina Cruz,

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Thence by Trans Andean Route to Buenos Aires, etc.

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(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT

TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION STEAMERS SAILING DATES.

Displacement

VICTORIA, B.C. &amp; SEAT SHIDZUOKA MARU, WEDNESDAY, 20th

TLE via KEELUNG, Capt. Noda, Tons 12,500 June at Noon.

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU &amp; YOKOHAMA

NAGASAKI, KOBE &amp; YOKOHAMA

NIRKO MARU, (FRIDAY, 16th

Capt. Takeda, Tons 9,800 June at 11 a.m.)

SUWA MARU, (MONDAY, 18th

Capt. Sekine, Tons 21,000 June at 11 a.m.)

ATSUTA MARU, (MONDAY, 2nd

Capt. Iizono, Tons 18,000 July at 11 a.m.)

HIYACHI MARU, (WEDNESDAY, 18th

Capt. Tomioka, Tons 13,500 July at 11 a.m.)

KIRIN MARU, (SATURDAY, 16th

Capt. Sasaki, Tons 8,000 June.

SHANGHAI AND KOBE

SHANGHAI, KOBE &amp; YOKKAICHI

LONDON via SINGAPORE, MALACCA, PENANG, COLOMBO, DELAGOA

BAY, CAPE TOWN and MADEIRA

SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE

CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG &amp; RANGOON.

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(CARGO ONLY).

NEW YORK via MANILA, SAN FRANCISCO, PANAMA and COLON

For dates of departure and further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

B. MORI, Manager.

Telephone Nos. 225 &amp; 223.

## NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

## PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

S.S. "COLUSA"

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, ROBE AND MANILA.

THE above-mentioned vessel having arrived from above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Cargo will be landed at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra

Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that they must produce an Import permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading can be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on WEDNESDAY, June 13th, at 10 a.m.

All claims must be presented within a month of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns and all Goods remaining undelivered after June 14th, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

K. O. MORTON,

General Agent.

Hongkong, June 7, 1917. 1575

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO via HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS AND SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship "SHINYO MARU"

The above named Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of Cargo from Hongkong.

Cargo remaining undelivered on SATURDAY, 9th June at 5 p.m. will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense, and delivery must then be taken from the Company's Godown.

Storage charges will be assessed on all Cargo remaining undelivered on WEDNESDAY, 13th June, at 5 p.m.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

No claims will be recognised after the Goods have left the Steamer's Godown.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods will be landed into the Company's Godown, where they will be examined on 16th June, at 10 a.m.

No Claims will be recognised if filed after the 27th June, 1917.

T. DAIGO,

Agent.

Hongkong, June 7, 1917. 1575

AGENTS.

LONDON:—WILLIAM SHAW, 42 Great Russell Street, W.C. F. ALGAR, 11 &amp; 12 Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C.

T. B. BROWN &amp; Co., Ltd., 163 Queen's Road, Victoria St.

CLARK, SON &amp;



## SHIPPING

## P. &amp; O. S. N. CO.

## ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT

## MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO  
STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.

Steamers	Leave Hongkong	Connecting Mail Steamer from Colombo	Due Marseilles 1917	Due London 1917
Colombo	11.00	Colombo	11.00	11.00

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.  
On the Australian Route Tickets Interchangeable with Orient Line.

## SAILINGS DIRECT TO

## SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

S. S.	Leave Hongkong About
Colombo	11.00

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge. Return Tickets are available by Messageries Maritimes Company.

## INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS (Non-Transitment) IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS, WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR

## MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

Calling at SINGAPORE, PORT SWETENHAM, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

CARRYING 1st and 2nd SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

STEAMERS	Leave Hongkong about	Leave SINGAPORE about	Due at Marseilles if calling about	Due London about
Colombo	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00

## THE INTERMEDIATE SERVICE IS TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS. All Cables are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth furnished with an Electric Reading Lamp.  
Round-the-World Tickets and Through Tickets to New York in connection with the Principal Mail Lines.  
Return Tickets at fare and a half available to Europe for Two Years; or to Intermediate Ports for Six Months.  
Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.  
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.  
For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, Dates of Sailings etc., apply to.

E. V. D. PARR,  
Superintendent.

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## FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.

## S. S. CHINA

WILL SAIL FROM HONGKONG FOR

## SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS &amp; HONOLULU.

SATURDAY, 23rd JUNE-WEDNESDAY, SEPT 5th.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATES.

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Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

From Hongkong: Connecting with From Colombo

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1st and 2nd CLASS PASSENGERS.

## ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

For dates of departure, Rates of Freight, apply to

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## "ELLERMAN" LINE.

(Ellerman &amp; Bucknall Steamship Co., Ltd.)

## JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

TO

## UNITED KINGDOM &amp; CONTINENT.

FOR PARTICULARS OF SAILINGS SHIPPERS ARE REQUESTED TO APPROACH THE UNDERSIGNED

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Cape of Good Hope at Owners' option. Subject to change without notice.

THE BANK LINE LTD.

General Agents

## SOLDIERING AND GAMES.

[BY A SOLDIER ON THE "MASCOT" GUARDIAN.]

In a priggish but sincere German novel called "His English Wife," curiously characteristic of the German outlook on life, there are frequent sneers at the English love of games, regarded in Germany as a certain sign of the decadence of England. In German newspapers and reviews and books one often finds contemptuous comments on our footballers and cricketers, particularly after the outbreak of the war, when some German journalists and publicists seriously professed to believe that the English people were fond of sport, that of soldiering, and so little in love with their country that they would continue to play football even while the enemy were landing on their shores. The Germans were not the only people who saw in the same spirit a hopeless decline in the national spirit. Mr. Kipling set the fashion in this country, and hundreds of intellectuals, who had no other sympathy with Mr. Kipling joined him in denouncing sport. Mr. Bernard Shaw, for example, announced in "Who's Who" that his recollections were "anything but sport." One remembers the naive apologies of goal-keepers and batsmen who were interviewed by journalists and asked for their opinion on Mr. Kipling's lines. "The fuddled oaks in the forest," they timidly pleaded that they were not quite such fools as Mr. Kipling declared them to be; but their defence was a weak one, and the general opinion seemed to be that a football or cricket player was as contemptible a creature as a gladiator was in Rome. And if the players themselves were contemptible, how much more contemptible were the spectators!

## THE CRUSADE AGAINST GAMES.

What sarcasm was vented on the Cup-tie crowds! What satire was provoked by the spectacle of watching men at the Oval, or Lords! A football crowd was considered by a man with high-toned instincts, and Londoners sniffed and sneered and shuddered at the sight of the northern hordes who streamed into London to see the Final at the Crystal Palace. I remember listening to an angry Scot in the Strand while he urged that the Cup-tie visitors should be compelled to join the Volunteers instead of spending their Saturday afternoon watching twenty-two men kicking a ball about a field. That Scot's point of view was, without exaggeration, representative of the point of view of a great many people, mostly of the middle class, on the subject of sport prior to the war. Games were in disfavour, and learned and solemn people urged that the games masters in our public schools should either be dismissed or reduced to an ignominious position.

I was one of the people who held sport in contempt, but that was before I joined the army. I now have the utmost respect for the game spirit, and I am convinced that the war will be won by the Allies very largely because of the sporting instinct of the British people. The self-discipline which is necessary if a man is to be a successful footballer or cricketer obviously is closely akin to the discipline of a regiment; but it is not this alone which causes sport to be of value to a nation. Apart altogether from the discipline and the healthy exercise which games give to those who play them, there are qualities of fortitude and endurance and cheeriness and alertness which help to produce the good soldier greater than the good sportsman. And perhaps greater than all these is what is generally called "the sporting spirit"—the spirit which accepts defeat manfully, yielding tribute to the victor and at the same time making resolution to fight again and win—falling when one does fall, with the intention of rising again as quickly as possible.

## THE BEST SOLDIERS.

In my regiment the best soldiers are undoubtedly the men who have played games. Their movements are quicker, the correspondence between their minds and their actions is closer, and they are

wonderfully good-tempered and forbearing. I have noticed in bombing practice or in simple squad drill or in bayonet fighting that the men who are slowest and stupidest are always the men who do not play games. They throw their bombs badly, they cannot throw them far, nor can they throw them high. A Mills hand grenade explodes in four or five seconds from the moment when the lever is released, and the object of the bomber is to throw his bomb in such a way that most of the four or five seconds will be spent in the flight from his hand to the enemy trenches. If he throws it so that it reaches the Germans in, say, two or three seconds, he gives a desperate enemy a chance of seeing the bomb and hurling it away or even back to the British trenches. The man who does not play games will realise the importance of this as clearly as, perhaps more clearly than, the man who "goes in" for sport, but in most cases he will be unable to throw the bomb properly; his muscles do not respond to the dictates of his mind as swiftly or as accurately as they ought to respond. But the man who plays games, having, as it were, fluent muscles, can pitch the bomb high and cause it to fall just where it is likely to do the most damage.

And what is true of bombing is true of everything else in the army. The ungainly man is distressingly slow and clumsy at bayonet fighting. When he has to make the three points—long, short, and jab—one after the other his feet seem to get entangled and he makes a poor weak exhibition. In actual fighting, of course, he would stand a very poor chance of emerging alive from a bayonet charge, in which victory goes to the swift-moving and accurate-aiming man.

## THE SPECTATOR'S POSITION.

All this may, of course, be granted by the reader, who will, however, protest that the spectator gains nothing but excitement from games. The players get healthful exercise, but surely the spectators, crowded on benches, and yelling rancorously get no more than coarse stimulation and an hour or two in the open air.

Well, we can't all play football because there aren't enough playing fields to go round, but apart from that important fact, which is always left out of consideration by people who denounce football crowds it is, I think, true to say that the games-spectator makes "a better soldier, generally speaking, than the man who neither plays at games nor looks on at them. How much of that imperishable spirit which has made the trenches forever wonderful because of the rich, inexhaustible patience of those who inhabit them is due to the eagerness with which men follow the fortunes of their favourite teams. One used to exclaim at the discomforts that were willingly borne by "Cup-tie crowds" on their way from Lancashire to Sydneyham and back. One used to wonder why men took delight in travelling long distances to stand, perhaps in the rain or a cold and biting wind, watching other men at play! There was the long, cheerless train journey in the night, in a cramped position and a congested carriage where sleep was impossible; then there was the long wait at the football field; and then, worn out and possibly hungry, the long, cheerless, cramped journey home again—another slow, sleepless night, and the knowledge that at the end of it a day's work would probably have to be performed. Foolish, of course, incredibly foolish; but hundreds of thousands of men and boys, with now and then a number of women, did that kind of thing frequently. And it is not claiming too much is it to say that the same cheery spirit which carried an Oldham crowd through the great discomforts of a Cup-tie trip to London is now carrying our men through the grave discomforts of the trenches. The kindly tolerance of the gamey man, his forbearance and good humour, his instinctive desire to make the best of things and to maintain a cheerful demeanour in the worst circumstances, all these are qualities which have reached their highest development in France and Flanders—qualities of incalculable value, begun on the playing field and continued on the battlefield.

"For the Blood is the Life."  
YOUR BLOOD WANTS PURIFYING.

IF YOU are troubled with Eczema, Boils, Sores or Eruptions of any kind continually bursting through the skin.

IF YOU have that constant itching and inflammation of the face.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and many ointments, which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have is a medicine that will get right to the root of your trouble, a medicine that will thoroughly cleanse the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by restoring it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a lasting cure.

The True Value of CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE is certified by a most remarkable collection of unqualified testimonials from grateful patients of all classes—patients who have been cured after doctors and hospitals have given them up as incurable—patients who have been cured after trying many other treatments without success—patients who not only have been cured of the particular Skin or Blood Complaint from which they were suffering, but also have found great improvement in their general health. (See pamphlet sent on request.)

Over 30 years' experience. Presently taking and returning orders from all parts of the world. Of all Chemists and Storekeepers. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. THE WORLD'S BEST BLOOD PURIFIER. CURES ALL SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

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